



*Rewarding Learning*

**General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2024**

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# **Biology**

Unit 2

Foundation Tier

**[GBL21]**

**TUESDAY 11 JUNE, MORNING**

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**MARK  
SCHEME**

## **General Marking Instructions**

### ***Introduction***

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that the GCSE examinations are marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide markers with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria which they should apply in allocating marks to candidates' responses.

### ***Assessment objectives***

Below are the assessment objectives for GCSE Biology.

Candidates must:

- AO1** demonstrate knowledge and understanding of: scientific ideas; and scientific techniques and procedures;
- AO2** apply knowledge and understanding of and develop skills in: scientific ideas; scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures; and
- AO3** analyse scientific information and ideas to: interpret and evaluate; make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.

### ***Quality of candidates' responses***

In marking the examination papers, examiners should be looking for a quality of response reflecting the level of maturity which may reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old which is the age at which the majority of candidates sit their GCSE examinations.

### ***Flexibility in marking***

Mark schemes are not intended to be totally prescriptive. No mark scheme can cover all the responses which candidates may produce. In the event of unanticipated answers, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement to assess the validity of answers. If an answer is particularly problematic, then examiners should seek the guidance of the Supervising Examiner.

### ***Positive marking***

Examiners are encouraged to be positive in their marking, giving appropriate credit for what candidates know, understand and can do rather than penalising candidates for errors or omissions. Examiners should make use of the whole of the available mark range for any particular question and be prepared to award full marks for a response which is as good as might reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old GCSE candidate.

### ***Awarding zero marks***

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

### ***Marking calculations***

In marking answers involving calculations, examiners should apply the 'own figure rule' so that candidates are not penalised more than once for a computational error.

### ***Types of mark schemes***

Mark schemes for tasks or questions which require candidates to respond in extended written form are marked on the basis of levels of response which take account of the quality of written communication.

Other questions which require only short answers are marked on a point for point basis with marks awarded for each valid piece of information provided.

### **Levels of response**

Tasks and questions requiring candidates to respond in extended writing are marked in terms of levels of response. In deciding which level of response to award, examiners should look for the 'best fit' bearing in mind that weakness in one area may be compensated for by strength in another. In deciding which mark within a particular level to award to any response, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement. The following guidance is provided to assist examiners.

**Threshold performance:** Response which just merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the bottom of the range.

**Intermediate performance:** Response which clearly merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the middle of the range.

**High performance:** Response which fully satisfies the level description and should be awarded a mark at or near the top of the range.

### **Quality of written communication**

Quality of written communication is taken into account in assessing candidates' responses to all tasks and questions that require them to respond in extended written form. These tasks and questions are marked on the basis of levels of response. The description for each level of response includes reference to the quality of written communication.

For conciseness, quality of written communication is distinguished within bands of response as follows:

Band A: Quality of written communication is excellent.

Band B: Quality of written communication is good.

Band C: Quality of written communication is basic.

In interpreting these level descriptions, examiners should refer to the more detailed guidance provided below:

**Band A (Excellent):** The candidate successfully selects and uses the most appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with a high degree of clarity and coherence. There is widespread and accurate use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are of a sufficiently high standard to make meaning clear.

**Band B (Good):** The candidate makes a reasonable selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with some clarity and coherence. There is some use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently competent to make meaning clear.

**Band C (Basic):** The candidate makes only a limited selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. The organisation of material may lack clarity and coherence. There is little use of specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar may be such that intended meaning is not clear.

|   |                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | water;<br>dilute;<br>concentrated;<br>selectively;<br>wall;<br>turgid;                                                                                                               | [6] | 6               |
| 2 | (a) vena cava → heart;<br>renal artery → kidney;<br>pulmonary artery → lungs;<br>hepatic artery → liver;<br>3/4 correct = [3] marks<br>2 correct = [2] marks<br>1 correct = [1] mark | [3] |                 |
|   | (b) blood flows through the heart <b>twice</b> ;<br>in <b>one</b> circulation around the body;                                                                                       | [2] | 5               |
| 3 | (a) 51, 17;<br>51 ÷ 17 = 3;                                                                                                                                                          | [2] |                 |
|   | (b) cardiovascular disease;                                                                                                                                                          | [1] |                 |
|   | (c) reduce sugar intake;<br>more exercise;                                                                                                                                           | [2] | 5               |
| 4 | (a) X – deoxyribose/sugar;<br>Y – phosphate;                                                                                                                                         | [2] |                 |
|   | (b) C } [1] mark<br>G; }<br>A; [1] mark                                                                                                                                              | [2] |                 |
|   | (c) double helix;                                                                                                                                                                    | [1] |                 |
|   | (d) genome;                                                                                                                                                                          | [1] | 6               |
| 5 | (a) virus;<br>athlete's foot;<br>bacteria;<br>sexual intercourse;<br>condom;                                                                                                         | [5] |                 |
|   | (b) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>airborne;<br>moisture droplets;<br>cough/sneeze;                                                                                                         | [2] | 7               |

|   |         |                                                                                                                                                             |     |   |
|---|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---|
| 6 | (a) (i) | menstruation;                                                                                                                                               | [1] | 8 |
|   | (ii)    | uterus lining;<br>breaks down/passes out through vagina;                                                                                                    | [2] |   |
|   | (b) (i) | day 14;                                                                                                                                                     | [1] |   |
|   | (ii)    | egg/ovum released;                                                                                                                                          | [1] |   |
|   | (c)     | Any <b>two</b> from:<br>stage A/menstruation/period does not occur;<br>ovulation does not occur;<br><b>uterus lining</b> remains thick/does not break down; | [2] |   |
| 7 | (d)     | oestrogen/progesterone;                                                                                                                                     | [1] | 8 |
|   | (a) (i) | ovary;<br>testes;                                                                                                                                           | [2] |   |
|   | (ii)    | fertilisation;                                                                                                                                              | [1] |   |
|   | (iii)   | 46;                                                                                                                                                         | [1] |   |
|   | (b) (i) | X and Y;<br>XX XY<br>XX XY;                                                                                                                                 | [3] |   |
| 8 | (ii)    | 50%;                                                                                                                                                        | [1] | 8 |
|   | (a) (i) | sperm tube/duct;                                                                                                                                            | [1] |   |
|   | (ii)    | prevents entry of sperm into urethra/penis;<br>sperm do not enter vagina/female reproductive system during sexual intercourse;<br>no fertilisation;         | [3] |   |
|   | (iii)   | very reliable/permanent;<br>difficult to <b>reverse</b> ;                                                                                                   | [2] |   |
|   | (b) (i) | contraceptive pill/implant;                                                                                                                                 | [1] |   |
|   | (ii)    | stops ovulation;                                                                                                                                            | [1] |   |

- 9 (a) graph C;  
pulse **remained** low/least variation/described; [2]
- (b) **more** blood/glucose/oxygen/removes more carbon dioxide;  
to muscles;  
for respiration/energy; [3]
- (c) 18, 14;  
 $18 - 14 = 4$ ; [2]
- (d) Graph **A** increases **before exercise started**;  
Graph A from 74 to 82 bpm/by 8 bpm; [2]
- 10 (a) overall increase in the number of people vaccinated;  
overall decrease in the number of reported cases; [2]
- (b) **Indicative content:**
1. (weakened form of measles virus) **injected** into blood;
  2. (measles) antigens recognised;
  3. by lymphocytes/white blood cells;
  4. (produce) antibodies;
  5. antibodies attach to (measles) antigens/virus;
  6. measles viruses clump together and killed/stopped from spreading;
  7. memory cells produced;
  8. rapid response against future infection (described)/long term immunity (described);

| Band | Response                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Mark    |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| A    | Candidates <b>must use appropriate, specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 5 of the points</b> . They use <b>good</b> spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a <b>high standard</b> .                 | [5]–[6] |
| B    | Candidates use <b>some appropriate, specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 3 of the points</b> . They use <b>satisfactory</b> spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a <b>satisfactory standard</b> . | [3]–[4] |
| C    | Candidates make <b>little use of specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 1 of the points</b> . The spelling, punctuation and grammar, form and style are of a <b>limited</b> standard.                                          | [1]–[2] |
| D    | Response not worthy of credit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | [0]     |

[6]

AVAILABLE  
MARKS

9

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| <p>(c) Any <b>two</b> from:<br/> antibodies made by the body/lymphocytes in active, antibodies ready made in passive;<br/> active immunity longer lasting/memory cells/passive immunity doesn't last as long;<br/> memory cells/no memory cells;</p> |  |  | 10              |
| <p>11 (a) Any <b>three</b> from:<br/> evaporation;<br/> from mesophyll cells;<br/> diffusion;<br/> through stomata;</p>                                                                                                                              |  |  |                 |
| <p>(b) (i) 19.5;<br/> ÷ 6 = 3.25;<br/> 3.3 g per hour;</p>                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |                 |
| <p>(ii) curve drawn lower than curve on the graph;</p>                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  |                 |
| <p>(c) Any <b>two</b> from:<br/> support;<br/> photosynthesis;<br/> transport;</p>                                                                                                                                                                   |  |  | 9               |
| <p>12 (a) (i) cholesterol/fat/atheroma;</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |                 |
| <p>(ii) blockage in artery;<br/> reduced blood flow to brain;<br/> less oxygen/glucose (to cells)<br/> cells die;</p>                                                                                                                                |  |  |                 |
| <p>(b) <b>Stage 2:</b><br/> balloon <b>inflated</b>;<br/> wire cage expands (against artery wall/blockage);</p>                                                                                                                                      |  |  |                 |
| <p><b>Stage 3:</b><br/> balloon (and fine tube) removed;<br/> wire cage remains open/wire cage holds artery open;</p>                                                                                                                                |  |  |                 |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  | 90              |